

***Tenebrio molitor* as a Source of Insect Protein**



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***Tenebrio molitor* L. (Coleoptera: Tenebrionidae)**



Development time at 27°C:
Egg 7-8 days
Larva 90-140 days
Pupa 7-8 days

Instars: Developmental plasticity exhibiting from 11 to 18 instars.
Some authors have reported up to 21 instars.

Adult longevity: 80-180 days.

Fecundity: 90-200 eggs per female.

Most Common Commercial uses of *Tenebrio molitor* in The United States

Food for bird breeding, finches

Feed for wild birds, particularly Blue Birds:

- <http://www.sialis.org/feeder.htm>
- <http://www.nabluebirdsociety.org/>

Food for carnivore reptile pets, gecko, bearded dragon, etc.

Food for small mammalian pets, hedgehogs, mice, rats etc.

Fishing lure and bait.

Organic fertilizer

Food and supplements for exotic species in zoos



Potential Uses of *Tenebrio molitor* that may Lead to Large Scale Commercialization

Aviculture as feed or protein supplement:

Ramos-Elorduy et al. 2002
Klasing et al. 2000

Aquaculture as feed for farmed fish:

Ng et al. 2001

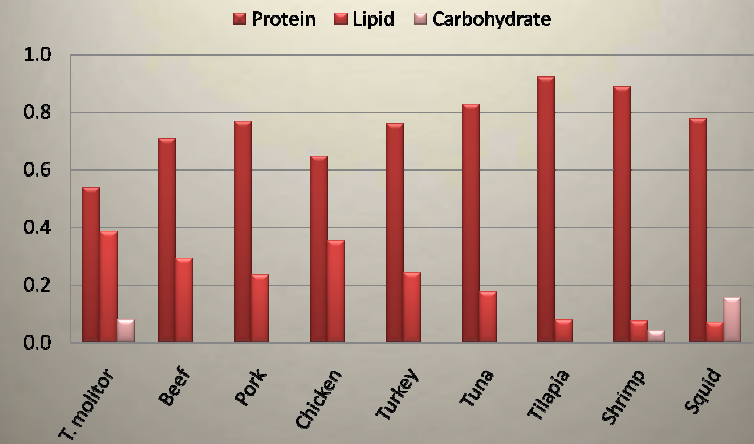
Human consumption:

Ramos Elorduy 1997
Aguilar-Miranda et al. 2002

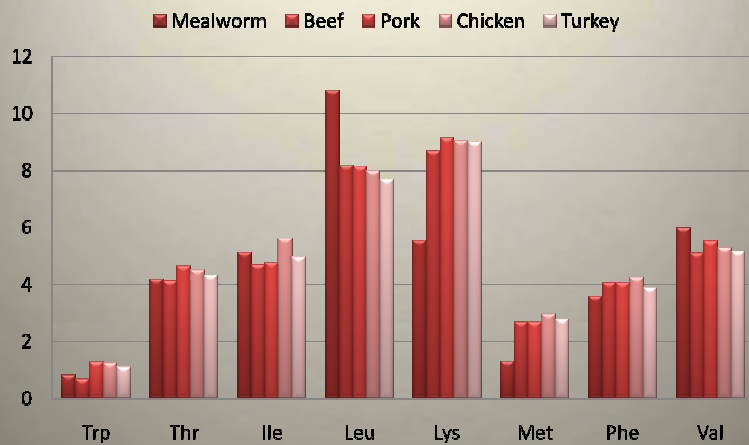
Production of Biological control agents:

De Clercq et al. 1998 (*Podisus maculiventris* (Heteroptera: Pentatomidae))
Grundy et al. 2000 (*Pristhesancus plagipennis* (Heteroptera Reduviidae))
Zanuncio et al. 2001 (*Podisus nigrispinus* (Heteroptera: Pentatomidae))
Shapiro-Ilan et al. 2008 (Entomopathogenic nematodes)

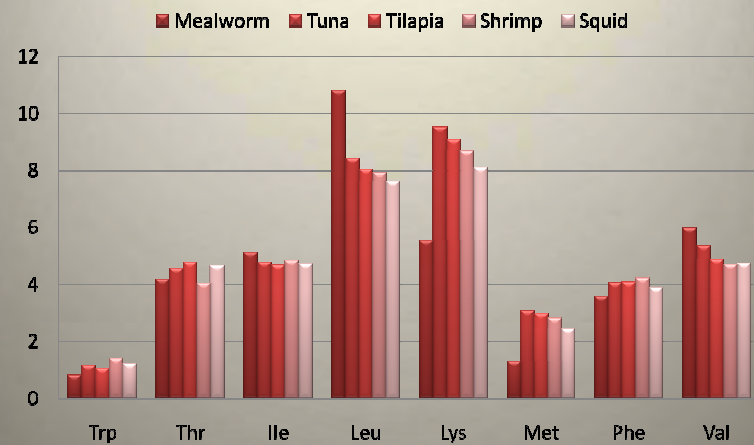
Basic Nutrient Groups



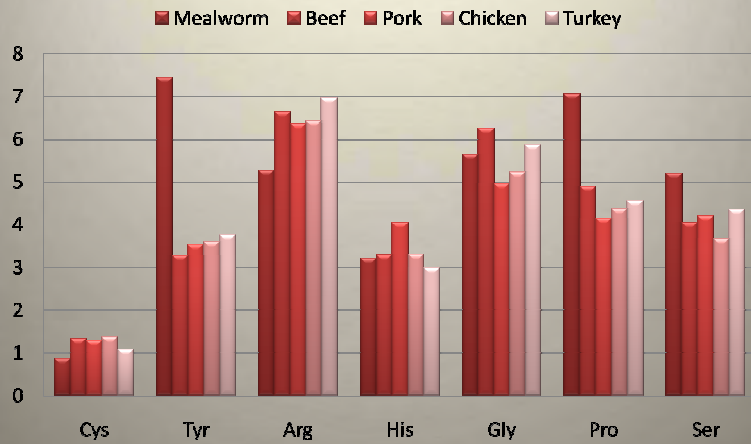
Percentage of Essential Amino Acids



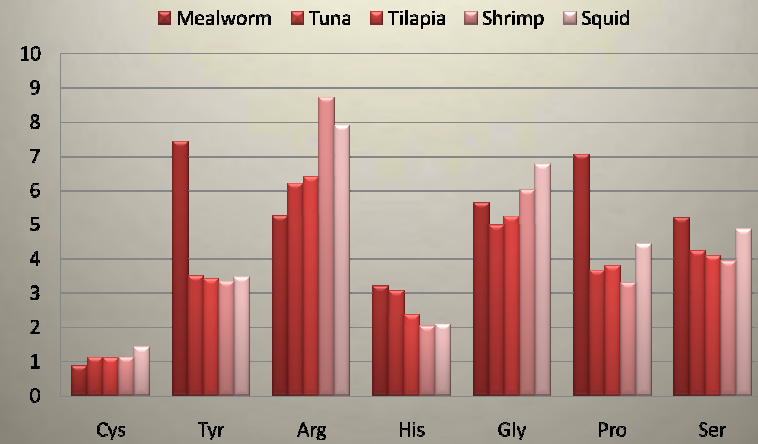
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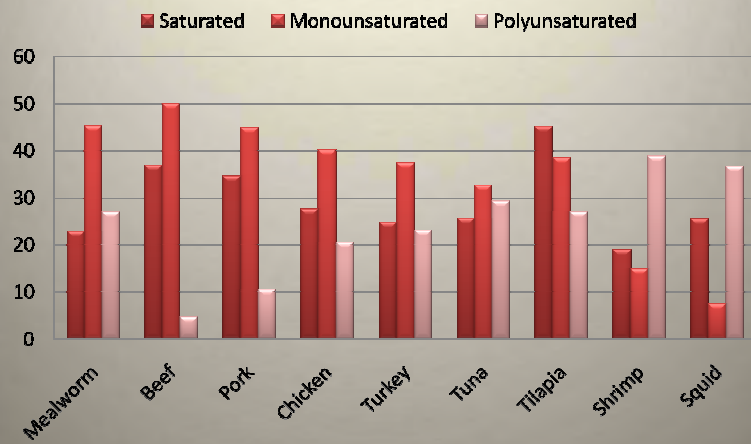
Percentage of Conditional Essential Amino Acids



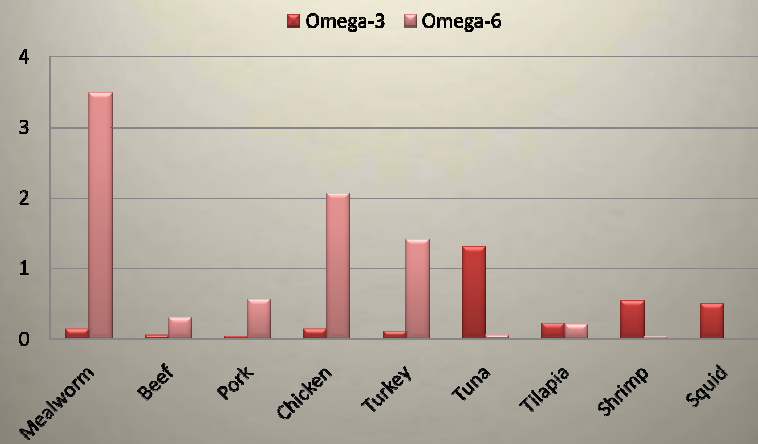
Percentage of Conditional Essential Amino Acids



Fatty Acids: Percentage from Fat



Essential Fatty Acids: Percentage from Total Weight



Improving Mass Production of *Tenebrio molitor*

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 - A) Mechanization

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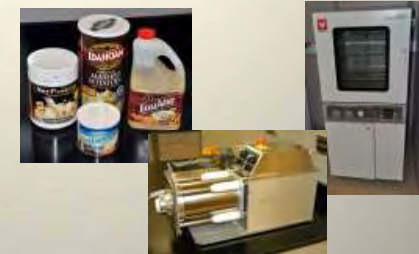


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 - A) Nutritional Supplements

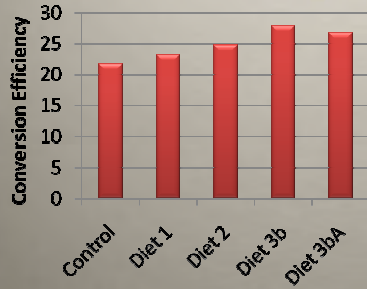
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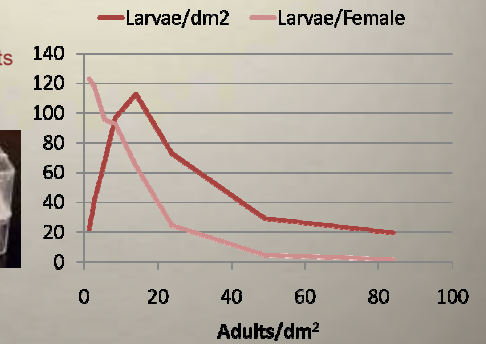
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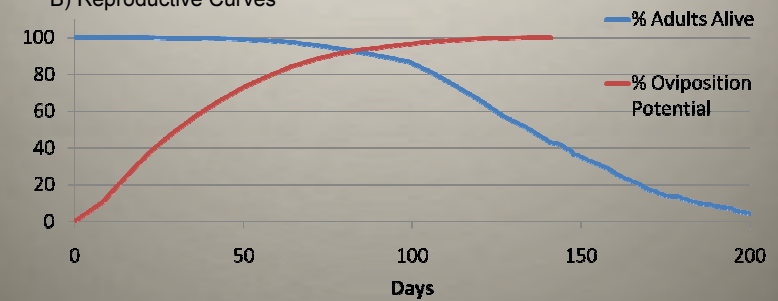


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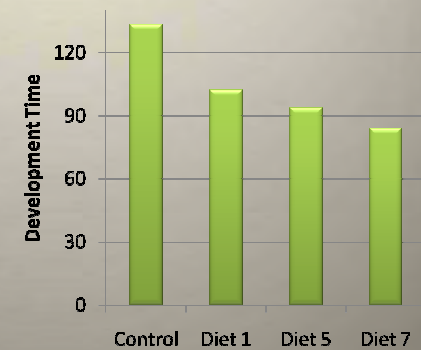


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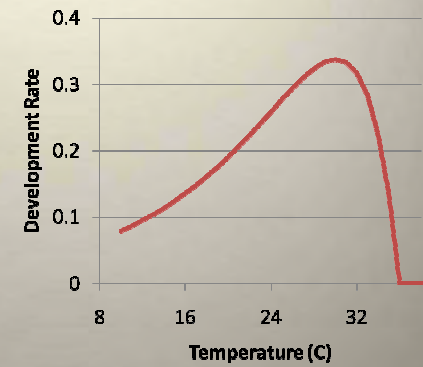


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Larval densities have a significant impact on developmental rates in *Tenebrio molitor*.

Tschinkel and Willson 1971
Weaver and McFarlane 1990
Connat et al. 1991

Improving Mass Production of *Tenebrio molitor*

Needed Research:

Optimal temperature for population growth.

Optimal larval density for rapid development

Methods of storage

Methods of separation of pupae from larvae and adults from pupae

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