



РОСАТОМ

ГОСУДАРСТВЕННАЯ КОРПОРАЦИЯ ПО АТОМНОЙ ЭНЕРГИИ «РОСАТОМ»

# **Nuclear Technologies in Russia: Sustainable Innovative Development**

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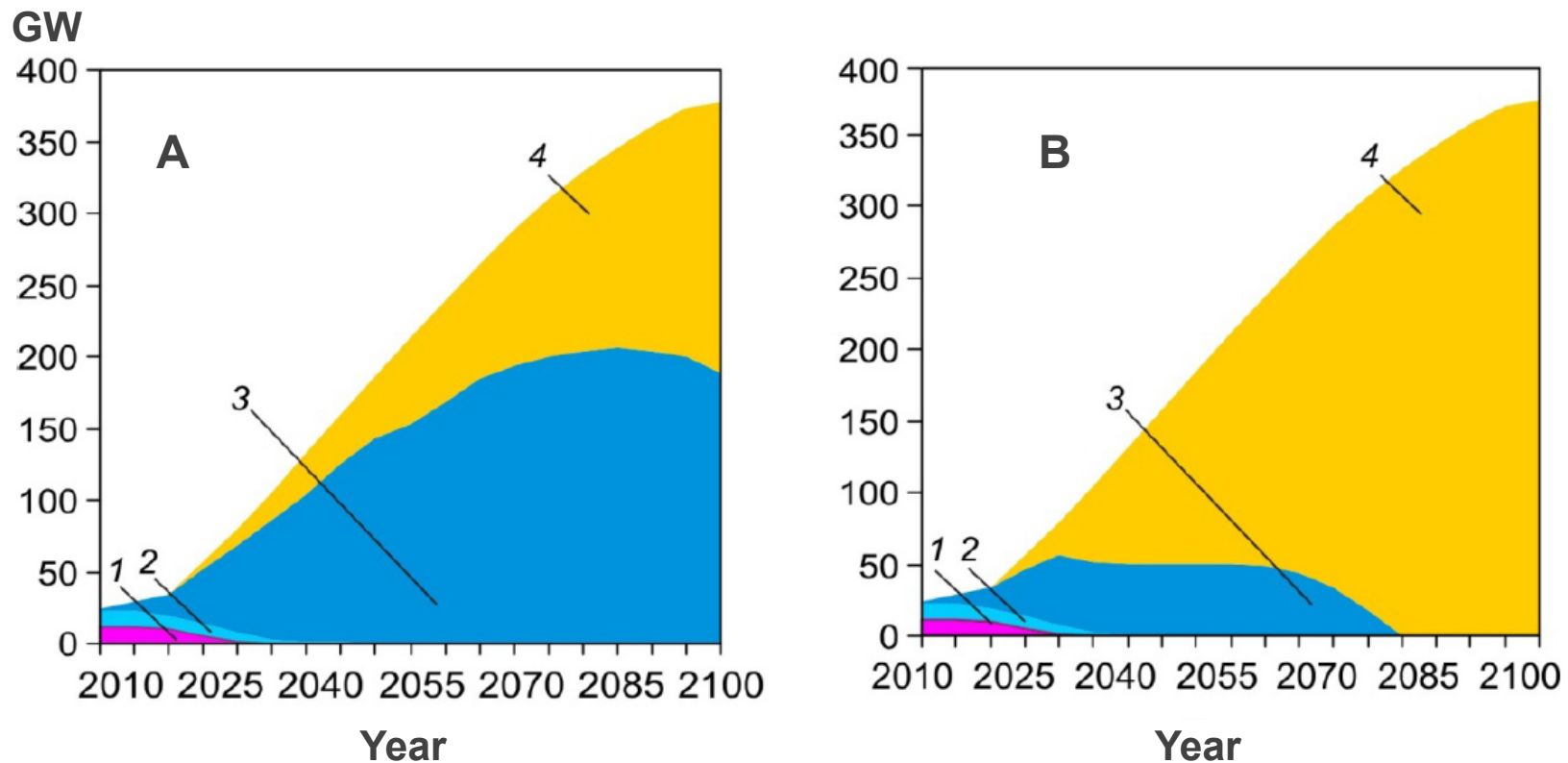
St. Petersburg

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# Development of nuclear energy

Fast reactors: driver for Russian nuclear industry development



NPP capacity subject to Fast Reactors being commissioned  
using Pu (A) and using Pu+U (B):  
1 – RBMK; 2 – VVER (Gen II); 3 – VVER (Gen III+); 4 – FR

# Russia: Fast Reactors Development



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Russia: leadership in Fast Reactor Technologies supported by Government

## BN Reactor Technology development in Russia

**BR-5/10**  
1958-2002

**BOR-60**  
since 1969

**BN-350**  
1972-1999

**BN-600**  
since 1980

**BN-800**  
2014

**BN-1200**  
2021

# New Nuclear Technology Platform



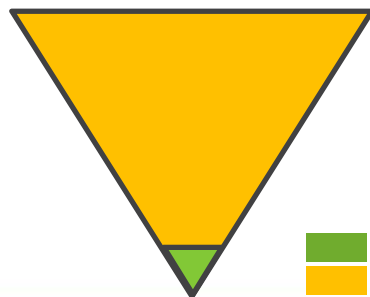
## Background Factors

- Deployment of U-235 resources
- Accumulation of radwastes and SNF
- Need to eliminate accidents in deterministic terms

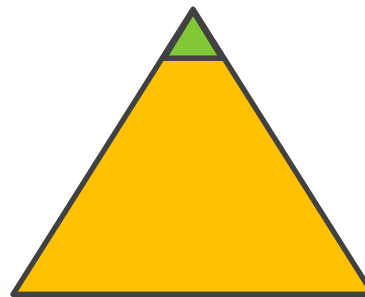
## Basic Philosophy

- Inherent Safety (elimination of accidents resulting in population evacuation)
- Radiation Equivalent Management of Radwastes
- Non-proliferation (no separation of fissile material through technological cycle)
- Sustainable Resources (involvement of U-238 into fuel cycle and Pu recycling)
- Fast reactors' CAPEX reduction to at least light-water reactors CAPEX

Once Through Cycle



Closed Fuel Cycle



■ U-235  
■ U-238

## Innovative Solutions To Be Founded

Parameter	Current PWR	New Platform
Breeding ratio	$\leq 0.60$	up to 1.50
Radwaste, %	100	0.5
Reactivity margin, $\beta$	$\sim 3-5$	$\leq 1$

# Roadmap of Innovative Nuclear Technologies



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TECHNOLOGY LEADERSHIP

Energy Efficiency (EE)

3 TW·h/kg

60 GW·h/kg

24 GW·h/kg

Open Fuel Cycle

120 MW·h/kg

Controlled Nuclear Fusion

Fast

Thermal

Fundamental core science

CNF with magnetic plasma confinement

- Thermonuclear nuclear source ITER

Inertial CNF

- Source of X radiation for thermonuclear target ignition (Baykal)

Reactor base

- Sodium BN-1200
- Lead BREST-300
- Lead-bismuth SVBR-100

Fuel

- MOX
- Dense: Nitride, Carbide, Metal

Closed Fuel Cycle (CFC)

Reactor materials

- Ferritic-martensitic steels EP-823, EK-181 и ChS-139

CFC Technologies

- Dry technologies
- Water technologies
- Hybrid (mixed)

BN-600, BN-800

Space nuclear facilities

Reactor base

- Power reactors VVER-TOI
- Small generators RITM-200

Fuel

- TVS-2M, TVS-KVADRAT

Radwaste management

- Extraction
- Separation
- Crystallization

Reactor materials

- Zirconium steels E-110M и E-635M

Centrifugal separator

- 4<sup>th</sup> Generation CS

Plasma physics,

High power density and materials (FAIR)

# How It Looks Like in Russia



Unique Russian fast reactor R&D and operation experience, nuclear fuel development and spent nuclear fuel management & recycling:

Reactor Technology		R&D	Industrial Scale
Reactor System	Sodium	+	+
	Lead-bismuth	+	+
	Lead	+	- / +
Nuclear Fuel	MOX pellet	+	+
	MOX vibro-packed	+	+
	High-density fuel	+	+ / -
	MA handling	+	- / +
Reprocessing	Aqueous processes	+	+
	Pyroprocessing	+	+ / -
	Gas-Fluoride	+	-
Final Disposal	Deep Geological Disposal	+	- / +



# «Breakthrough» for Nuclear Technology



Project “Breakthrough”: conversion from demonstration of isolated innovation technologies to global impact integral solution – experimental demonstration complex operated in on-site closed nuclear fuel cycle

## Key Deliverables of the “Breakthrough” Project

### Reactor BREST-300

- 17 tons of year overall production
- Increased level of reactor operation safety

**2019**

### On-site demonstration SNF complex

- 20% decrease of SNF handling & management costs

**2020**

### Reprocessing Unit

- 5 tons / year SNF
- No staff irradiation due to automated processes

**2020**

### Dense Fuel Fabrication Unit

- 17 tons of year overall production
- Increased level of reactor operation safety

**2020**



### Basic Detailed Design Commercial FR-1200 & on-site CNFC complex

- Power 1200 MW (e)
- Solemn regarding all regulatory requirements

**2020**

**No analogue for the complex technology in the world**

# «Breakthrough»: Research & Experimental Base



## Innovative solutions:

- Digital I&C for research reactors
- V&V facilities for virtual modeling
- Atomic spectrometry and introscopy

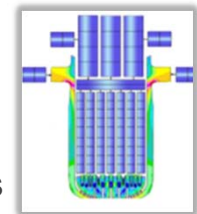
## Hot cells with edge equipment

- Protective housing with a shield up to  $10^{13}$  Bk
- Loadings up to 10 kg U-235 and 2.5 kg Pu
- All technological operations with fresh and reprocessed powders and fuel fabrication



## Supercomputers, virtual models for technological facilities

- Supercomputers 2.0 PFlops
- Compact supercomputers 5.0 TFlops



### Completed in 2012

- Russian hardware and software
- Simulation modeling

### Upgrade completed in 2012

Technologies for closed NFC

Safety support Modeling

## BFS – complex of fast criticality facilities

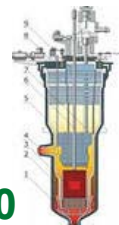
- The biggest critical facility in the world
- Both thermal and fast neutron spectrum
- Full-scale core modeling

Research Reactor Fleet

## BOR-60

- Power – 150 MW(th)
- Flux –  $3.7 \cdot 10^{15}$  /cm<sup>2</sup>·s
- Heat density – 1.1 MW/l

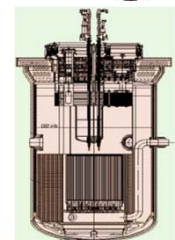
### Decommissioning in 2020



## MBIR

- Power – 150 MW(th)
- Flux –  $5,5 \cdot 10^{15}$  /cm<sup>2</sup> ·s
- Max burn-up rate – 6% h.a. per year

### Commissioning in 2019

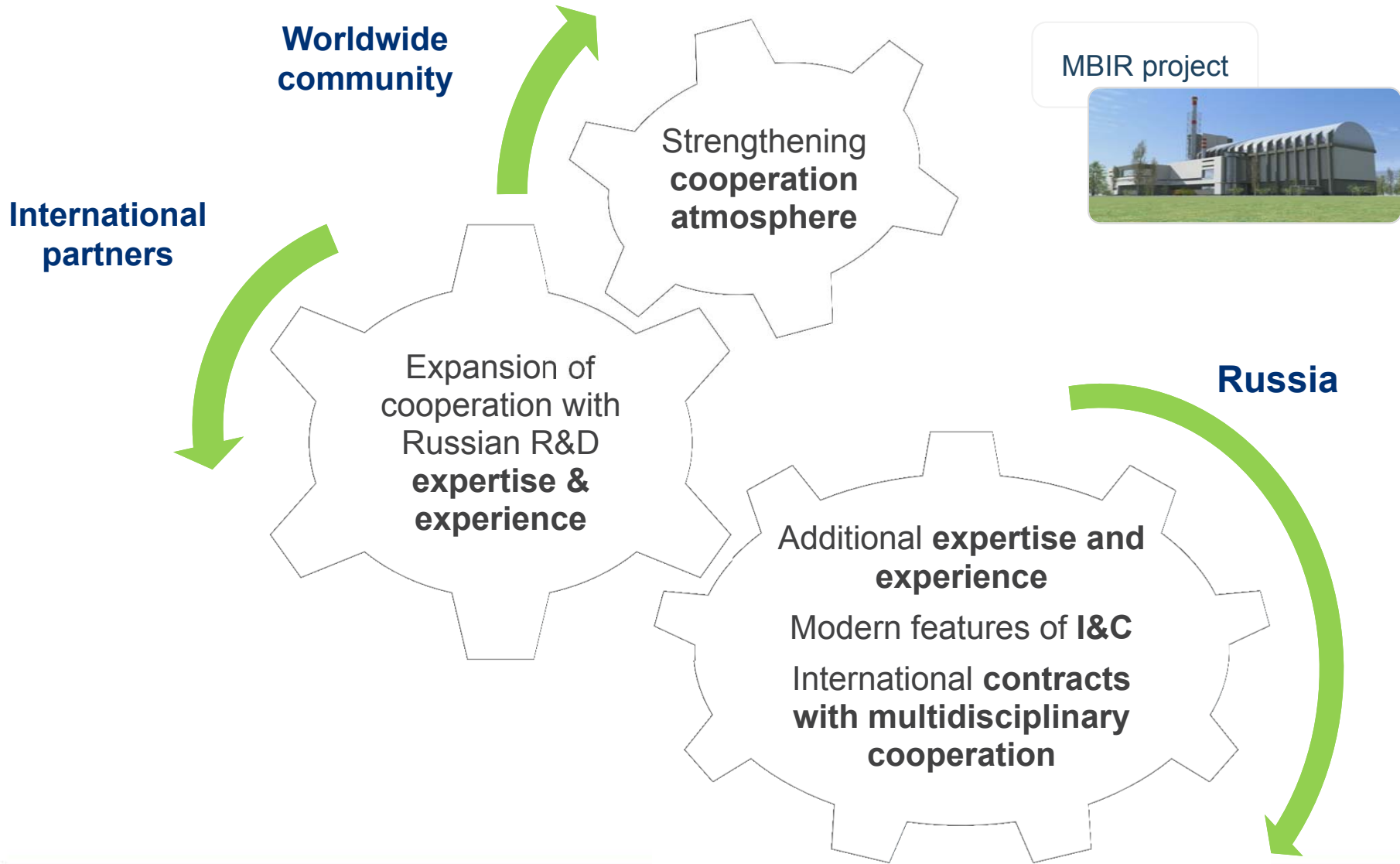


### Modernization in 2016





# International Cooperation for Future of Fast Nuclear Energy



# Conclusions

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- «Breakthrough» is the top priority project for ROSATOM creating new nuclear inherently safe technologies for worldwide implementation
- Developed in accordance with philosophy principles of New Technology Platform
- Proved & commercialized technologies allow to:
  - Develop New Platform of nuclear power worldwide till the end of this century basing on currently available fissile resources
  - Reprocess of all accumulated SNF
  - Eliminate of weapon-grade reprocessing and enrichment technologies from nuclear fuel cycle
  - Bring back competitive capability to nuclear power