

FEDERAL ENVIRONMENTAL, INDUSTRIAL AND NUCLEAR SUPERVISION SERVICE OF RUSSIA (ROSTECHNADZOR)

Regulatory Measures to Ensure the Continued Effectiveness of Physical Protection Systems during a Nuclear or Radiological Emergency Caused by a Nuclear Security Event

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International Experts' Meeting on Assessment and Prognosis in Response to a Nuclear or Radiological Emergency



- Mandatory nature of physical protection measures
- Responsibility of the regulatory body
 - √ development and enactment of regulations
 - ✓ licensing of nuclear activities
 - √ licensing of personnel
 - ✓ control of operators' compliance with regulations and license conditions
 - ✓ enforcement
- Responsibility of the operator
 - ✓ ensuring safety and security
 - √ emergency preparedness
- Responsibility of the Government
 - ✓ Ensuring safety and security in case the operator is unable to perform safety function



- Ensuring continuous effectiveness of physical protection system (PPS) under any operation conditions
 - ✓ duplication and redundancy of PPS elements
 - ✓ corrective measures
 - ✓ additional external supporting pro-forces
 - ensuring effectiveness of physical protection systems by the operator in accordance with the plan of action in emergency
 - ✓ regulatory assessment of operator's actions in emergency
- The regulatory body informs the competent authorities or the government when the operator's actions are insufficient
- Informing public
- Conducting of emergency exercises



Combined approach

- ✓ prescriptive requirements
- √ performance approach
- Physical protection (PP) level depends on:
 - ✓ overall potential hazard of a nuclear facility
 - ✓ NM category according to the IAEA criteria.
 - ✓ potential impact of sabotage
- PP subject-matter (target) nuclear material or equipment, which if treated illegally, may cause unacceptable radiological consequences



Radioactive sources:

- ✓ the potential hazard based on radiological characteristics of potential impact from radiation exposure
- ✓ the potential of unauthorized removal
- The physical protection level is established depending on a combination of hazards
 - ✓ specific requirements for each level of physical protection
 - √ graded approach



Nuclear facilities

- Objective assessment of PPS effectiveness
- Establishment of a justified criteria for allowable values of effectiveness
 - ✓ as a rule, this is a calculated quantitative characteristic,
 which rely on the results of the vulnerability analysis
 - ✓ vulnerability analysis based on the design basis threat (DBT), which depends on the threat assessment at the governmental level



- In-depth inspection of the physical protection system's conformance to the established requirements for a facility carried out in course of licensing
 - ✓ review of safety/security justification documents
 - ✓ conformance inspection of the submitted data and documents
 to their real state on the site
- Licensee's staff responsible for physical protection assurance must have an appropriate license
 - ✓ examination of theoretical knowledge
 - ✓ working experience
 - ✓ health state of the staff
 - ✓ special training certificate



- The regulation requires ensuring and maintaining effectiveness of the physical protection system by means of:
 - ✓ a set of engineering and technical equipment
 - ✓ guard force and control systems aimed at detection, detaining, and neutralizing adversaries

All these measures need to be reflected in legal documents. The physical protection system is defined as a set of engineering and technical equipment, guard forces and organization measures



- The results of the vulnerability analysis are to be revised when new factors affecting nuclear security emerge
 - ✓ If such factors do not seem to emerge, the results are to be revised or updated not less than once every five years
- In case of abnormalities, the regulator calls on the operator to take necessary corrective measures
 - ✓ The sufficiency of such measures has to be justified by the
 effectiveness assessment of the physical protection system



- The effectiveness of the physical protection system is also to be inspected in course of emergency response exercises
 - ✓ the need to protect the facility against possible unauthorized actions
 - ✓ the conditions where the physical protection system is affected by accident factors or emergency situation



Licensing - Requirements to Nuclear Security

Siting: the general requirement is the low level of criminal activity in the region

Design: PPS design compliance with the requirements

Construction: compliance of PPS with the PPS design

Operation: a full range of requirements for MPC&A

Decommissioning: a set of requirements with account to the category of nuclear and other radioactive materials



Requirements to Nuclear Security

Nuclear material accounting and control Nuclear material physical protection

Requirements to licensee

Radioactive substance physical protection

Radioactive substance accounting and control



Required documents on accounting and control of nuclear materials

- MC&A examination results of personnel of the licensee
- plans of personnel training and retraining
- Rostechnadzor's permissions (licenses) to be obtained by MC&A personnel
- copies of provision (instruction) on nuclear material accounting and control
- MC&A instructions for each material balance area (MBA)
- the document of nuclear material physical inventory
- the list of the MC&A documents available on the site

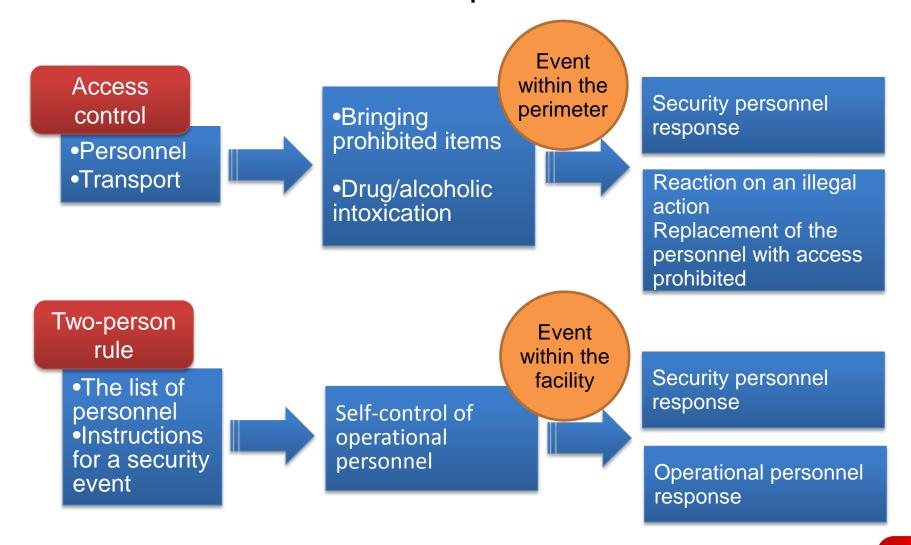


Required documents on physical protection of nuclear materials

- Data on security personnel examination, training and retraining
- Rostechnadzor's permissions (licenses) to be obtained by security personnel
- Information on:
 - ✓ PPS design compliance with NS requirements
 - ✓ certificates for technical means
 - ✓ protective force activity organization
 - ✓ counter-terrorist protection passport
 - ✓ nuclear material category
 - √ vulnerability analyses report
 - ✓ compliance of PPS effectiveness with the established criteria
- The list of PP documents in use within the organization

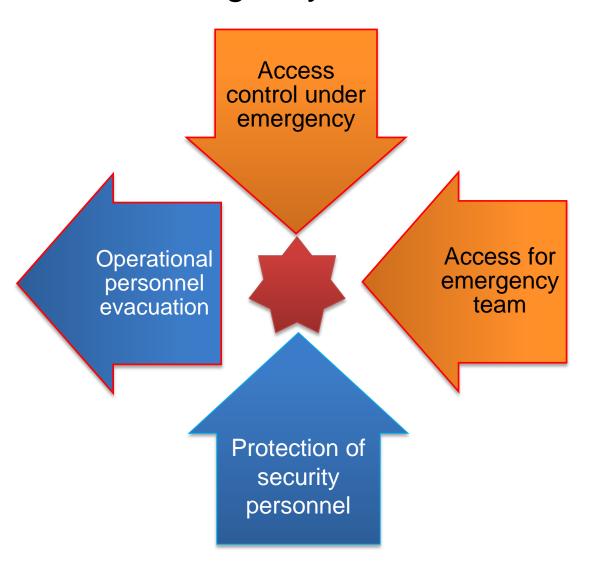


Normal operation





Emergency situations





Requirements to an emergency plan

- ✓ Radiation protection
 - ✓ Engineering protection means
 - ✓ Physical protection
 - ✓ Evacuation management
 - ✓ Medical protection



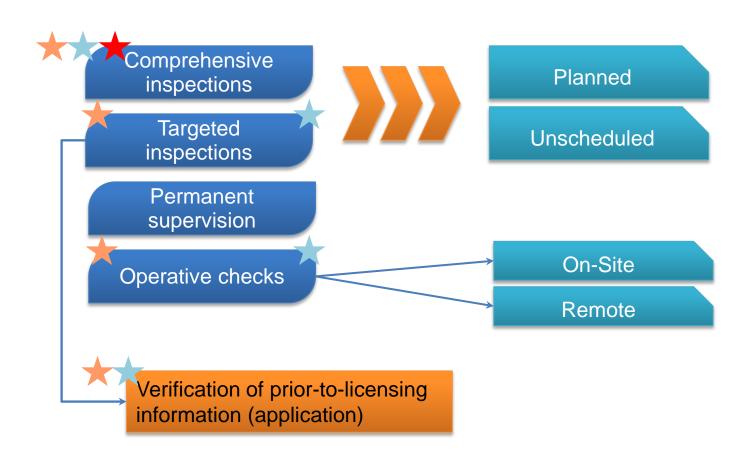
Requirements to emergency preparedness. Physical protection

Planning of organizational and technical actions and pro-forces actions including:

- 1. ensuring effective controlled access of rescue team into the protected areas;
- 2. assistance in free evacuation of personnel from the territory and engineering structures of NPP through all check points and exits;
- 3. ensuring protection of staff of external protection posts;
- 4. building-up a mobile reserve to strengthen or change the guard;
- 5. secure NPP protection management from a protected point;
- 6. prevention of unauthorized access;
- 7. timely detection of unauthorized action;
- 8. hindrance to penetration of the violator;
- 9. suppression of unauthorized actions;
- 10. detention of the persons involved in preparation or commission of sabotage or theft of nuclear materials;
- 11. prevention of terrorist attacks.



Inspections





Supervision Technique/Sanctions





Other sanctions





Inspection staff training

- Inspector is to be trained in nuclear safety, radiation safety and nuclear security
- For specific security issues inspection team may include experts
- General theoretical training courses include nuclear safety, health physics, radiation protection, physical protection and accounting and control
- Special training courses are focused on specific issues including, for example, NM measurement technology



Nuclear security inspections

Supervision on physical protection

Accounting and control verification







Questions for the future

- Accounting of nuclear security factors in overall risk assessment
- Acceptable risk how to evaluate?
- Reasonable balance between nuclear security information protection and general nuclear safety/security information transparency



Thank you for your attention!

Regulatory authority www.gosnadzor.ru

Technical support organization www.secnrs.ru