



Elkon – A New World Class Russian Uranium Mine

ARMZ Uranium Holding Co., Russia Alexander Boytsov, Deputy Director General

Elkon Location



Elkon resources and regional geological setting



In situ known U resources 344 ths.t at 0,158% (recoverable 289 ths.t)

Elkon Mining Company 100% subsidiary of ARMZ



Elkon. Schematic cross cut through Yuzhnaya zone



1- gneiss, 2- granite, 3- orthotectite, 4- metamorphosed ancient diorite dikes (orthogneiss), 5- blastomilonites and cataclasites, 6- faults, 7- metasomatites, 8 ore bodies

Elkon Geology

About 20 ore bodies located in 3 ore zones within the Yuzhnaya fault zone

Ore bodies have complex morphological structure with significant variations in thickness over short intervals as orebodies bulge and narrow.

Ore zone includes areas with closely-adjacent and parallel veins, making selective mining difficult. Bulk mining will add more dilution requiring radiometric sorting.

Length of ore bodies along strike: 50 to 400m, up to 700m;

- Length of ore bodies down dip: 100 to 200m.
- Thickness varies from 0.9 to 4m, average about 1.3m







Elkon Uranium mineralization

At the Elkon deposit uranium mineralization occurs largely as

brannerite $(U^{4+},Ca)(Ti,Fe^{3+})_2O_6$

The mineral is a refractory ore of uranium. In addition other uranium minerals are present in lower amounts such as:

coffinite $(U,Th)[(OH)_{4x}|(SiO_4)_{1-x}]$

and urannite UO₂

The uranium minerals occur in breccia fragments in the calcite-fluorite veins.

Gold occurs as sub-micron grains or micron sized inclusions ir pyrite and galena. The sulphides occur in guartz and calcite as inclusions and in fractures and on grain surfaces.



A – Samples texture B – Radiography (7 days exposition)



Microphoto: 1- Fragments of rock and pyrite cemented by brannerite (x 400) 2 – Microbreccia with brannerite- coffinite-pyrite cement (x 100)



Elkon 3-D carcass model





Block model for one of the ore bodies of Kurung deposit



Elkon operations principal structure



Elkon schematic mining and processing flowsheet



Elkon Principal Mining Scheme





Production method: mechanized cut and fill mining using unconsolidated backfill, selectivity allowing for the variability in ore body thickness
Modifying factors: losses 5% and dilution 34%

Potential to consider bulk mining method if radiometric sorting is effective

 Initially 2.2 Mtpa, processing ore from Elkon Plateau and Kurung,

Potential to expand to 4.5 Mtpa to process the ore from all 5 mines



Elkon project Infrastructure

- Elkon is realizes in the framework of state-private partnership «Complex development of South Yakutia» to allocate state financing for development of the Elkon infrastructure.
- The following infrastructure construction will be financed by government:
 - Railroad connecting Elkon deposit with Tommot (53km)
 - Road connecting the deposit with Tommot (10 km)
 - High voltage electric line connecting Elkon with Aldan including substations

Schematic layout infrastructure Elkon project



Courtesy NASA/JPL-Caltech

40 km



Stages of Elkon development



Basic principals for Elkon feasibility study

Technical expertise of international engineering companies
Resources classification according to JORC
3D modeling

✓ DCF modeling

Setting up favorable conditions to attract investments

