Feedback from the Regional Meetings on the Application of the Code of Conduct and Updating of the IAEA Programme on Research Reactor Safety

H. Abou Yehia, A.M. Shokr, L.W. Deitrich¹

Research Reactor Safety Section

Division of Nuclear Installation Safety

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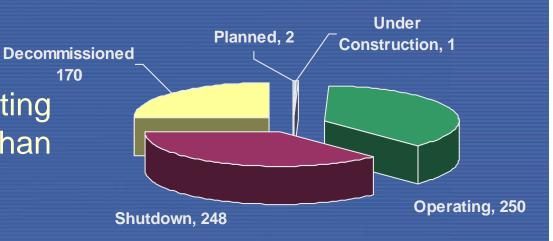
- Status of Research Reactors
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- Application of the Code of Conduct (Regional Meetings)
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Status of Research Reactors

 761 RRs were built to date of which 170 RRs were decommissioned.

 Two-thirds of the operating RRs (250) are more than 30 years old.



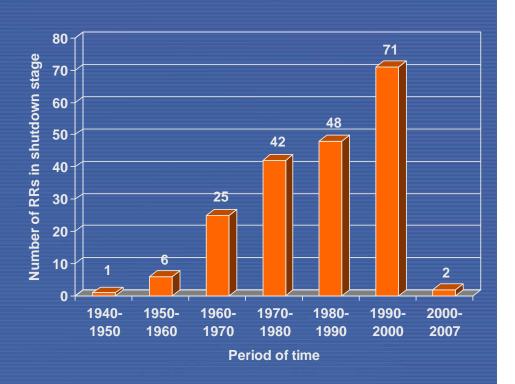
 248 reactors are in shutdown state.



Status of Research Reactors

Research Reactors in shutdown state:

- Many of these RRs has no clear plans for their future.
- Very limited operating schedule for many of the operating RRs.
- Both cases represent safety concerns relating to qualification of personnel, maintenance of the safety related systems, preparation and updating of safety documentation, etc.





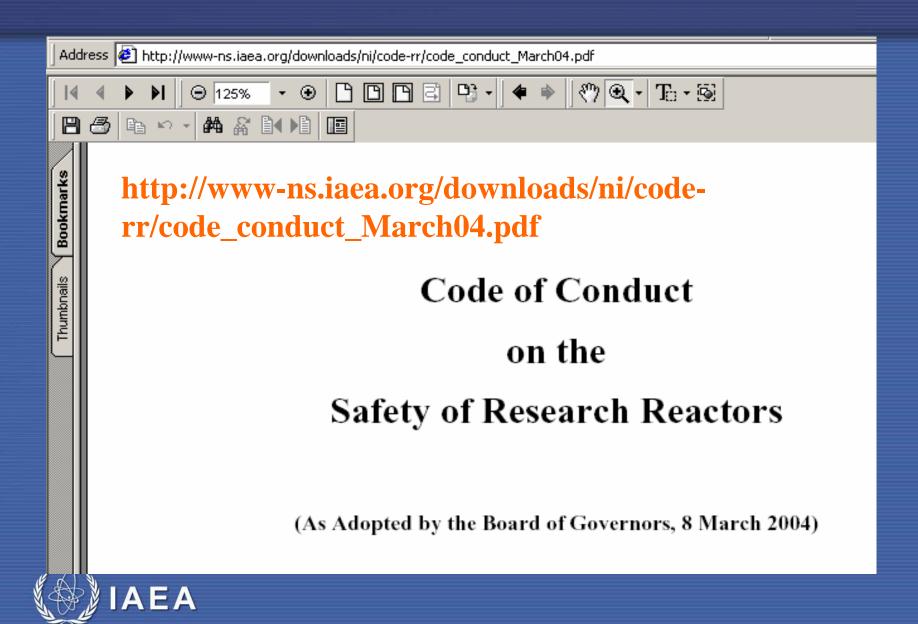
Code of Conduct on the Safety of Research Reactors

 RRs in extended shutdown, ageing of RRs, and lack of regulatory supervision of RRs in many MSs, were raised by the INSAG in 1990s and led to the development of the Code of Conduct (previous presentation).





The Code is posted on the IAEA Safety Web Site



Regional Meetings on Application of the Code of Conduct (1/2)

- Open-Ended Meeting, December 2005: Mainly recommended the IAEA to organize meetings to exchange experience and lessons learned, identify good practices in application of the Code.
- Four Regional Meetings:
 - Africa, November 2006 (17 participants from 8 countries);
 - Europe, December 2006 (14 participants from 12 countries);
 - Asia and Pacific, April 2007 (11 participants from 7 countries);
 - Latin America, planned for December 2007 (8 countries invited).
- International Meeting is planned for mid-2008.



Regional Meetings on Application of the Code of Conduct (2/2)

- The meetings follow a consistent format:
 - Tutorial part
 - Presentations by participants on self-assessment of application of the code
 - Discussions on needs of IAEA assistance and opportunities of regional cooperation.
- Self-assessment exercises were performed according to questionnaire prepared by the IAEA based on the code. The results of these assessments were presented and discussed in the meetings.
- The self-assessment aims at highlighting the status of infrastructure for safety, identifying areas of satisfactory application and areas needing improvements.



Feedback from the Regional Meetings on Application of the Code of Conduct (1/2)

The results of the self-assessment showed a common need to:

- Improve the capabilities of regulatory bodies in assessment of safety submittals;
- Increase the attention to commissioning of modifications and experiments;
- Establish criteria, and perform accordingly, site reevaluation for existing RRs;



Feedback from the Regional Meetings on Application of the Code of Conduct (2/2)

- Develop comprehensive emergency plans and establish procedures and response capabilities at the national level;
- Address human factors in all the phases of RRs lifetime;
- Improve the capability to prepare the safety documentation for decommissioning and to establish criteria for release from regulatory control of decommissioned RRs;



Near-Term Actions (1/2)

- Modification of the programme of safety review missions to include the application of the Code of Conduct as one of the review area;
- Revision of the IAEA Safety Guide 35-GS to include practical guidance on safety of modifications and experiment;
- Organization of a Technical Meeting on safety management and verification for the Safety Committees (3-7 December 2007, IAEA Headquarter).



Near-Term Actions (2/2)

- Regional Meetings will be organized to improve the capability of Regulatory Bodies in performing review and assessment of safety documents;
- Workshops and training activities on Ageing Management and Safety Culture.



Feedback from Safety Review Missions (1/3)

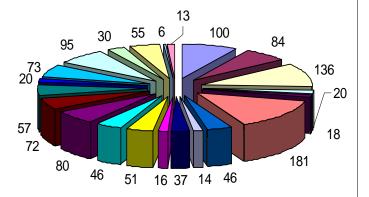
The analysis of the results of the IAEA Safety Review Missions showed:

- Out-of-date or incomplete safety documentation (SAR, OLCs, emergency plans);
- Inadequate regulatory supervision of RRs in many countries.



Feedback from Safety Review Missions (2/3)

Recommendations per review area



- 3.2 Design
- 3.3 Safety analysis
- □ 3.4 Safety Analysis report
- 3.5 Construction
- 3.6 Commissioning
- 3.7 Siting and external hazards
- 3.8 OLC
- 3.9 Safety culture
- 3.10 Regulatory supervision
- 3.11 Safety committee
- 3.12 Operating organization and reactor management
- 3.13 Training and qualifications
- 3.14 Conduct of operations
- 3.15 Maintenance, periodic testing and inspections
- 3.16 Modifications
- 3.17 Utilization and experiments
- 3.18 Quality assurance
- □ 3.19 Radiation protection
- □ 3.20 Radioactive waste management
- □ 3.21 Emergency planning
- 3.22 Security
- 3.23 Decommissioning



Feedback from Safety Review Missions (3/3)

These missions showed also that there is a need to:

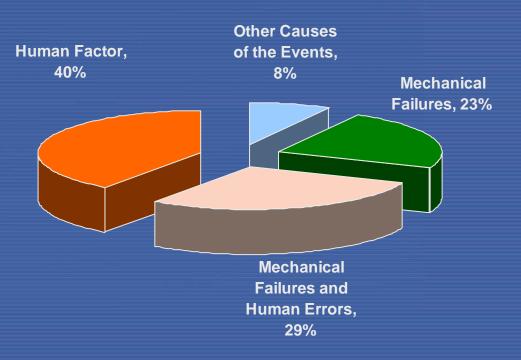
- Enhance the role and responsibilities of the safety committees in many operating organizations;
- Develop and implement systematic ageing management programmes;
- Develop and implement clear strategy for management of radioactive waste generated from RRs;
- Establish decommissioning plans for many RRs.



Feedback from the IRSRR

 Ageing of components is one of the most important root causes of the incidents reported to the IRSRR.

 Human factors are another important root cause of incidents reported to the IRSRR. Statistics on root causes of incidents reported to IRSRR:





Updating the IAEA Programme on RRs Safety

The IAEA programme on RRs Safety was updated to cover the identified safety issues and trends. This programme includes the following projects:

- Enhancing the safety of research reactors and monitoring the safety of RRs under agreement.
- Fostering international exchange of information on safety aspects.
- Assisting on safety aspects relating to protection against sabotage.

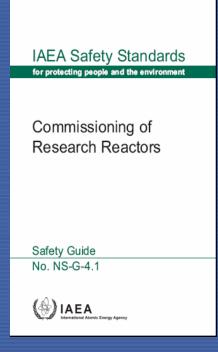


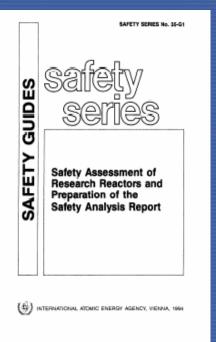
Enhancing the Safety of Research Reactors (1/4)

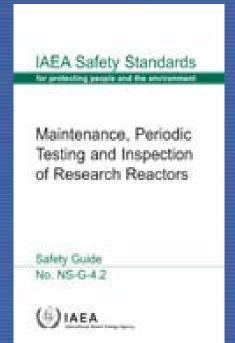
This project includes the following activities:

 Providing assistance on application of the Code of Conduct and the IAEA SS.











Enhancing the Safety of Research Reactors (2/4)

- Improving regulatory supervision of research reactors;
- Improving safety management and promoting safety culture in the operating organizations;
- Providing assistance to develop and enhance self-assessment capabilities for safety review of RRs;
- Operating a follow-up system for monitoring the safety of RRs under agreement with the IAEA;



Enhancing the Safety of Research Reactors (3/4)

- Providing assistance for improvement of ageing management programmes, development of decommissioning plans, and emergency plans;
- Organizing workshops and training activities on relevant safety issues;
- Promoting the use of research results in safety assessments and harmonization of data and approaches used in the safety analysis through conduct of Coordinated Research Projects (CRPs);



Enhancing the Safety of Research Reactors (4/4)

 Conducting INSARR and other safety missions, and assisting in the implementation of recommendations

provideď;



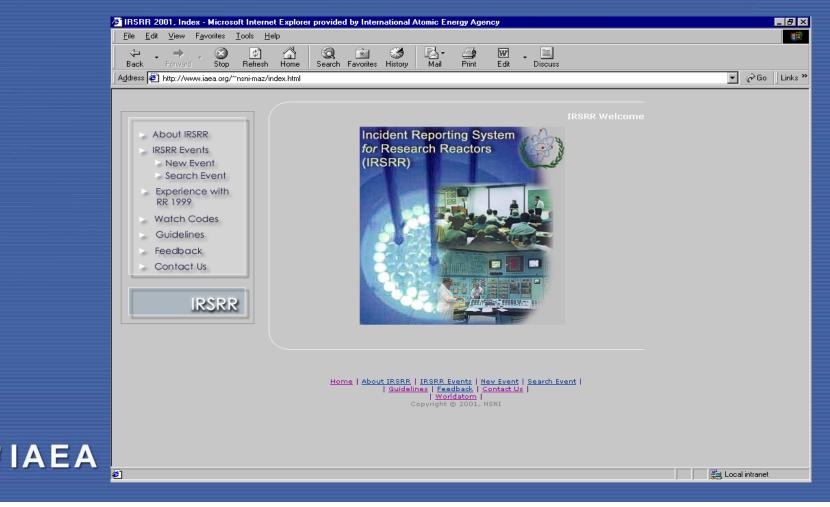






Fostering International Exchange of Information on Safety Aspects (1/2)

 Operating the IRSRR and organizing periodic meetings for exchange of operating experience and lessons learned from events;



Fostering International Exchange of Information on Safety Aspects (2/2)

 Developing and implementing a web-based forum as a tool for continuous exchange of information on safety aspects, reducing the isolation of small organizations with limited resources;

Cooperating with other international organizations on RRs safety matters.



Assisting on Safety Aspects relating to Protection against Sabotage

 Providing assistance to enhance awareness and understanding of the synergy between safety and security;

Contribution to IAEA activities for improving protection against sabotage.



Conclusion

- Feedback from regional meetings on application of Code of Conduct and safety issues identified from various IAEA activities were taken into account for updating the IAEA programme on RRs safety.
- This programme is currently focusing on the effective promotion of application of the Code of Conduct and completion of the corpus of comprehensive safety standards that support its application.
- Priorities are given to improve the regulatory supervision and safety culture; self-assessment capabilities and dissemination of operating experience.



Research Reactor Safety Section-NSNI-IAEA



To enhance the safety of research reactors worldwide.







